Science and Technology Policy in South Africa

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Who are we?

- Market economy + State sector
- GNP/c PPP \$12, 000
- Services 70% not 'resource based'
- Exports ~ 30% GDP
- Commodities=manufactures
- 55% urbanised; growth > 5%
- 16-45 age HIV prevalence +/-20%
- Gini 0,59 ~ inc. social transfers = 0,35



1st world science; 3rd. world social problems e.g. Cholera



South Africans

Petra Rohr-Rouendaal

Where are we going?



How is S&T Policy formulated?

- 1. Incremental vs. Radical change
- 2. Fiscal discipline vs. Blank check
- 3. Techno-nationalism vs. solidarity
- 4. Myth vs. Evidence
 - Role of business
- 5. Technocratic dirigisme vs. Lobbies & broad participation
 - White Paper on S&T (1996)
 - R&D Strategy 2002
- 6. Old boy networks vs. inclusiveness
 - Foresight
 - Confidence and consensus building

Measurement is critical



GERD = R 12,07 billion



Institutional diversity - disparities

GDP/GDP EU comparison



Country diversity

Source: CeSTII EU-25 Benchmarking study (2006)

Public R&D in relation to GDP, 2003



Regional R&D : GDP NUTS 1



Regional diversity

Researchers (FTE)/1000 labour force (2003/04)



Researchers: No, % Female, Group, Sector



Source: DNE (1993), DST (2004)



Publications

1991			2001			
Discipline	SRCA		Discipline	SRCA		
Geol/Petrol/Mining Engn	8.976		Geol/Petrol/Mining Engn	8.732		
Multidisciplinary	4.211		Animal Sciences	4.338		
Animal Sciences	3.897		Entomology/Pest Control	4.014		
General & Internal Medicine	3.637		Philosophy	3.174		
Aquatic Sciences	3.225		Veterinary Med/Animal Health	2.919		
Entomology/Pest Control	3.193		Environ Studies, Geog & Dev	2.787		
Archaeology	3.034		Multidisciplinary	2.755		
Veterinary Med/Animal Health	2.719		Environment/Ecology	2.654		
Plant Sciences	2.622		Plant Sciences	2.643		
Inorganic & Nucl Chemistry	2.429		Political Sci & Public Admin	2.603		
Classical Studies	2.362		General & Internal Medicine	2.266		
Environment/Ecology	2.306		Aquatic Sciences	2.251		
History 2.077			Biology	2.139		
Philosophy 2.036			Education	2.088		

Source: Albuquerque, E. (2003) 'Immature systems of innovation: Introductory notes about a comparison between South Africa, India, Mexico and Brazil' CEDEPLAR/FACE/IFMG

Falling world share, but key strengths

USPTO Patents (SA assignees)

Year	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
No.	89	99	137	112	112	115	110	111	120	113	112

US Patents filed vs. wealth (2004)



Business



- Local R&D base; 90% funded by business
- R1,2 billions inflows ;27% by foreign companies
- Resources 30%; services 27%
- Mix 41% high tech; 29.5% low/medium low
- SMMEs 24%
- Collaboration w HE and Research Institutes
- Funds 16% of HERD substitution role?

Novartis Pharmaceuticals Research Worldwide Community 2004



R&D 24/7, 360 ° '... the sun never sets at IBM research'

Science policy praxis



Knowledge Economy Growth = F(People, Ideas, Things)

Recognizing

- Unique geographic advantages
- Minerals, resources and energy complex
- Diversified economy
- Defence & Aerospace origins in 1st and 2nd
 World Wars
- Arms embargo & nuclear programme (PBMR)
- Legacy of sanctions and import substitution
- Massive structural inequalities

Legislating ...

- 1. Department of Science & Technology
 - Technology Missions & Platforms inc. 'Technology for Poverty Reduction'
 - Builds on Foresight?
- 2. Business (autonomous)
 - Direct incentives: grants; competitive funds; awards
 - Indirect incentives through tax break
- 3. Higher education (publicly-funded)
 - Dual stream + 3rd stream competitive
 - Centres of Excellence
 - Research Chairs Programme
- 4. Science Councils (arms length) and the market

People

- Impact of HIV/AIDS pandemic
- Inclusion: 'pockets and layers'
- Insufficient high quality school leavers, increased HE enrolment, slow staff growth
- Waning interest in SET careers
- Disciplinary ageing
- Globalization pressures, mobility & law
 - Losses through emigration
 - Little inward flow (foreign university staff <5%)
 - Potential of foreign postgraduate students (15-20%)

Ideas

- IP policy inc. forex
- Transfer & spillover enablers
- Invention, open innovation and Informal sector contribution
- Indigenous knowledge systems
- Governance and accountability
- Sustainable development & MDGs
- Outcomes & impact analysis

Things (Capital)

- Infrastructure degradation
- Utilities pricing
- Angel investors and venture capital
- The role of state parented organisations
 - SASOL
 - PBMR
 - Defence Aerospace
- Autonomous publicly-funded institutions
 - High SSH spend
 - What research areas to grow/curtail?

(The) ... challenge for policymakers is to ensure that the benefits of global economic integration are sufficiently widely shared (and) a consensus for welfare enhancing change can be obtained.' (Ben Bernanke, 2006)

'... the world's more prosperous states ... have to introduce more coherent policies towards the developing world, the world's poorer states have ...to create the conditions,... for economic growth. In the absence of such conditions ... many people will feel that they have no other choice but to leave their own country.

(Mamphela Ramphele, 2004)

THANK YOU

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